

1 SILVANO B. MARCHESI (SBN 42965)
County Counsel
2 JANET L. HOLMES (SBN 107639)
Deputy County Counsel
3 COUNTY OF CONTRA COSTA
651 Pine Street, 9th Floor
4 Martinez, California 94553
Telephone: (925) 335-1800
5 Facsimile: (925) 335-1866
email: jholm@cc.cccounty.us

6 Attorneys for Defendants

7
8 Lawrence W. Fasano, Jr.
Fasano Law Office
9 720 Market Street
Penthouse Suite
10 San Francisco, CA 94102-2500
Telephone: 415.956.8800
11 Facsimile: 415.956.8811

12 Attorneys for Plaintiff

13
14 UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
15 NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA
16

17
18 TERRIE KENT,
19 Plaintiff

20 v.

21 CONTRA COSTA COUNTY,
DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH
22 SERVICES, DEBORAH TYLER,
WILLIAM WALKER, M.D., in his official
23 capacity and DOES 1 through 25,
24 inclusive,

25 Defendants.

No. CV 08 0984 EDL

STIPULATION AND [PROPOSED]
PROTECTIVE ORDER

26
27 1. PURPOSES AND LIMITATIONS

28 Disclosures and discovery activity in this action are likely to involve production of
confidential, proprietary, or private information for which special protection from public

STIPULATION AND [PROPOSED] PROTECTIVE ORDER
CV 08 0984 EDL

1 disclosure and from use for any purpose other than prosecuting this litigation would be
2 warranted. Accordingly, the parties hereby stipulate to and petition the court to enter the
3 following Stipulated Protective Order. The parties acknowledge that this Order does not confer
4 blanket protections on all disclosures or responses to discovery and that the protection it
5 affords extends only to the limited information or items that are entitled under the applicable
6 legal principles to treatment as confidential. The parties further acknowledge, as set forth in
7 Section 10, below, that this Stipulated Protective Order creates no entitlement to file
8 confidential information under seal; Civil Local Rule 79-5 sets forth the procedures that must
9 be followed and reflects the standards that will be applied when a party seeks permission from
10 the court to file material under seal.

11 12 2. DEFINITIONS

13 2.1 Party: any party to this action, including all of its officers, directors,
14 employees, consultants, retained experts, and outside counsel (and their support staff).

15 2.2 Disclosure or Discovery Material: all items or information, regardless of the
16 medium or manner generated, stored, or maintained (including, among other things, testimony,
17 transcripts, or tangible things) that are produced or generated in disclosures or responses to
18 discovery in this matter.

19 2.3 "Confidential" Information or Items: information (regardless of how generated,
20 stored or maintained) or tangible things that qualify for protection under standards developed
21 under F.R.Civ.P. 26(c).

22 2.4 "Highly Confidential – Review by Authorized Personnel Only" Information or
23 Items: extremely sensitive "Confidential Information or Items" whose disclosure to another
24 Party or nonparty would create a substantial risk of serious injury that could not be avoided by
25 less restrictive means.

26 2.5 Receiving Party: a Party that receives Disclosure or Discovery Material from a
27 Producing Party.

28 2.6 Producing Party: a Party or non-party that produces Disclosure or Discovery
Material in this action.

1 2.7. Designating Party: a Party or non-party that designates information or items
2 that it produces in disclosures or in responses to discovery as “Confidential” or “Highly
3 Confidential — Review by Authorized Personnel Only.”

4 2.8 Protected Material: any Disclosure or Discovery Material that is designated as
5 “Confidential” or as “Highly Confidential – Review by Authorized Personnel Only.”

6 2.9. Outside Counsel: attorneys who are not employees of a Party but who are
7 retained to represent or advise a Party in this action.

8 2.10 House Counsel: attorneys who are employees of a Party.

9 2.11 Counsel (without qualifier): Outside Counsel and House Counsel (as well as
10 their support staffs).

11 2.12 Expert: a person with specialized knowledge or experience in a matter
12 pertinent to the litigation who has been retained by a Party or its counsel to serve as an expert
13 witness or as a consultant in this action and who is not a past or a current employee of a Party
14 or of a competitor of a Party’s and who, at the time of retention, is not anticipated to become
15 an employee of a Party or a competitor of a Party’s. This definition includes a professional jury
16 or trial consultant retained in connection with this litigation.

17 2.13 Professional Vendors: persons or entities that provide litigation support
18 services (e.g., photocopying; videotaping; translating; preparing exhibits or demonstrations;
19 organizing, storing, retrieving data in any form or medium; etc.) and their employees and
20 subcontractors.

21 22 3. SCOPE

23 The protections conferred by this Stipulation and Order cover not only Protected
24 Material (as defined above), but also any information copied or extracted therefrom, as well as
25 all copies, excerpts, summaries, or compilations thereof, plus testimony, conversations, or
26 presentations by parties or counsel to or in court or in other settings that might reveal Protected
27 Material.

28 4. DURATION

1 Even after the termination of this litigation, the confidentiality obligations imposed by
2 this Order shall remain in effect until a Designating Party agrees otherwise in writing or a
3 court order otherwise directs.

4 5 5. DESIGNATING PROTECTED MATERIAL

6 5.1 Exercise of Restraint and Care in Designating Material for Protection. Each Party
7 or non-party that designates information or items for protection under this Order must take
8 care to limit any such designation to specific material that qualifies under the appropriate
9 standards. A Designating Party must take care to designate for protection only those parts of
10 material, documents, items, or oral or written communications that qualify – so that other
11 portions of the material, documents, items, or communications for which protection is not
12 warranted are not swept unjustifiably within the ambit of this Order. Mass, indiscriminate, or
13 routinized designations are prohibited. Designations that are shown to be clearly unjustified, or
14 that have been made for an improper purpose (e.g., to unnecessarily encumber or retard the
15 case development process, or to impose unnecessary expenses and burdens on other parties),
16 expose the Designating Party to sanctions. If it comes to a Party's or a non-party's attention
17 that information or items that it designated for protection do not qualify for protection at all, or
18 do not qualify for the level of protection initially asserted, that Party or non-party must
19 promptly notify all other parties that it is withdrawing the mistaken designation.

20 5.2 Manner and Timing of Designations. Except as otherwise provided in this Order
21 (see, e.g., second paragraph of section 5.2(a), below), or as otherwise stipulated or ordered,
22 material that qualifies for protection under this Order must be clearly so designated before the
23 material is disclosed or produced. Designation in conformity with this Order requires:

24 (a) for information in documentary form (apart from transcripts of depositions
25 or other pretrial or trial proceedings), that the Producing Party affix the legend
26 "CONFIDENTIAL" or "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – REVIEW BY AUTHORIZED
27 PERSONNEL ONLY" at the top of each page that contains protected material. If only a
28 portion or portions of the material on a page qualifies for protection, the Producing Party also
must clearly identify the protected portion(s) (e.g., by making appropriate markings in the

1 margins) and must specify, for each portion, the level of protection being asserted (either
2 "CONFIDENTIAL" or "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – REVIEW BY AUTHORIZED
3 PERSONNEL ONLY"). A Party or non-party that makes original documents or
4 materials available for inspection need not designate them for protection until after
5 the inspecting Party has indicated which material it would like copied and
6 produced. During the inspection and before the designation, all of the material
7 made available for inspection shall be deemed "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL –
8 REVIEW BY AUTHORIZED PERSONNEL ONLY." After the inspecting Party
9 has identified the documents it wants copied and produced, the Producing Party
10 must determine which documents, or portions thereof, qualify for protection under
11 this Order, then, before producing the specified documents, the Producing Party
12 must affix the appropriate legend ("CONFIDENTIAL" or "HIGHLY
13 CONFIDENTIAL – REVIEW BY AUTHORIZED PERSONNEL ONLY") at the
14 top of each page that contains Protected Material. If only a portion or portions of
15 the material on a page qualifies for protection, the Producing Party also must
16 clearly identify the protected portion(s) (e.g., by making appropriate markings in
17 the margins) and must specify, for each portion, the level of protection being
18 asserted (either "CONFIDENTIAL" or "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – REVIEW
19 BY AUTHORIZED PERSONNEL ONLY").

20 (b) for testimony given in deposition or in other pretrial or trial
21 proceedings,
22 that the Party or non-party offering or sponsoring the testimony identify on the
23 record, before the close of the deposition, hearing, or other proceeding, all
24 protected testimony, and further specify any portions of the testimony that qualify
25 as "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – REVIEW BY AUTHORIZED PERSONNEL
26 ONLY." When it is impractical to identify separately each portion of testimony that
27 is entitled to protection, and when it appears that substantial portions of the
28 testimony may qualify for protection, the Party or non-party that sponsors, offers,
or gives the testimony may invoke on the record (before the deposition or

1 proceeding is concluded) a right to have up to 20 days to identify the specific
2 portions of the testimony as to which protection is sought and to specify the level of
3 protection being asserted ("CONFIDENTIAL" or "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL –
4 REVIEW BY AUTHORIZED PERSONNEL ONLY"). Only those portions of the
5 testimony that are appropriately designated for protection within the 20 days shall be covered
6 by the provisions of this Stipulated Protective Order. Transcript pages containing Protected
7 Material must be separately bound by the court reporter, who must affix to the top of each such
8 page the legend "CONFIDENTIAL" or "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – REVIEW BY
9 AUTHORIZED PERSONNEL ONLY," as instructed by the Party or nonparty offering or
10 sponsoring the witness or presenting the testimony.

11 (c) for information produced in some form other than documentary, and for
12 any other tangible items, that the Producing Party affix in a prominent place on the exterior of
13 the container or containers in which the information or item is stored the legend
14 "CONFIDENTIAL" or "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – REVIEW BY AUTHORIZED
15 PERSONNEL ONLY." If only portions of the information or item warrant protection, the
16 Producing Party, to the extent practicable, shall identify the protected portions, specifying
17 whether they qualify as "Confidential" or as "Highly Confidential – Review by Authorized
18 Personnel Only."

19 5.3 Inadvertent Failures to Designate. If timely corrected, an inadvertent failure to
20 designate qualified information or items as "Confidential" or "Highly Confidential – Review
21 by Authorized Personnel Only" does not, standing alone, waive the Designating Party's right
22 to secure protection under this Order for such material. If material is appropriately designated
23 as "Confidential" or "Highly Confidential – Review by Authorized Personnel Only" after the
24 material was initially produced, the Receiving Party, on timely notification of the designation,
25 must make reasonable efforts to assure that the material is treated in accordance with the
26 provisions of this Order.

27 28 6. CHALLENGING CONFIDENTIALITY DESIGNATIONS

6.1 Timing of Challenges. Unless a prompt challenge to a Designating Party's

1 confidentiality designation is necessary to avoid foreseeable substantial unfairness,
2 unnecessary economic burdens, or a later significant disruption or delay of the litigation, a
3 Party does not waive its right to challenge a confidentiality designation by electing not to
4 mount a challenge promptly after the original designation is disclosed.

5 6.2 Meet and Confer. A Party that elects to initiate a challenge to a Designating
6 Party's confidentiality designation must do so in good faith and must begin the process by
7 conferring directly (in voice to voice dialogue; other forms of communication are not
8 sufficient) with counsel for the Designating Party. In conferring, the challenging Party must
9 explain the basis for its belief that the confidentiality designation was not proper and must give
10 the Designating Party an opportunity to review the designated material, to reconsider the
11 circumstances, and, if no change in designation is
12 offered, to explain the basis for the chosen designation. A challenging Party may proceed to
13 the next stage of the challenge process only if it has engaged in this meet and confer process
14 first.

15 6.3 Judicial Intervention. A Party that elects to press a challenge to a confidentiality
16 designation after considering the justification offered by the Designating Party may file and
17 serve a motion under Civil Local Rule 7 (and in compliance with Civil Local Rule 79-5, if
18 applicable) that identifies the challenged material and sets forth in detail the basis for the
19 challenge. Each such motion must be accompanied by a competent declaration that affirms that
20 the movant has complied with the meet and confer requirements imposed in the preceding
21 paragraph and that sets forth with specificity the justification for the confidentiality
22 designation that was given by the Designating Party in the meet and confer dialogue. The
23 burden of persuasion in any such challenge proceeding shall be on the Designating Party. Until
24 the court rules on the challenge, all parties shall continue to afford the material in question the
25 level of protection to which it is entitled under the Producing Party's designation.

26 27 7. ACCESS TO AND USE OF PROTECTED MATERIAL

28 7.1 Basic Principles. A Receiving Party may use Protected Material that is disclosed
or produced by another Party or by a non-party in connection with this case only for

1 prosecuting, defending, or attempting to settle this litigation. Such Protected Material may be
2 disclosed only to the categories of persons and under the conditions described in this Order.
3 When the litigation has been terminated, a Receiving Party must comply with the provisions of
4 section 11, below (FINAL DISPOSITION). Protected Material must be stored and maintained
5 by a Receiving Party at a location and in a secure manner that ensures that access is limited to
6 the persons authorized under this Order.

7 7.2 Disclosure of "CONFIDENTIAL" Information or Items. Unless otherwise
8 ordered by the court or permitted in writing by the Designating Party, a Receiving Party may
9 disclose any information or item designated CONFIDENTIAL only to:

10 (a) the Receiving Party's Outside Counsel of record in this action, as well as
11 employees of said Counsel to whom it is reasonably necessary to disclose the information for
12 this litigation and who have signed the "Agreement to Be Bound by Protective Order" that is
13 attached hereto as Exhibit A;

14 (b) the parties to the action, the officers, directors, and employees (including
15 House Counsel) of the Receiving Party to whom disclosure is reasonably necessary for this
16 litigation and who have signed the "Agreement to Be Bound by Protective Order" (Exhibit A);

17 (c) experts (as defined in this Order) of the Receiving Party to whom
18 disclosure is reasonably necessary for this litigation and who have signed the "Agreement to
19 Be Bound by Protective Order" (Exhibit A);

20 (d) the Court and its personnel;

21 (e) court reporters, their staffs, and professional vendors to whom disclosure is
22 reasonably necessary for this litigation and who have signed the "Agreement to Be Bound by
23 Protective Order" (Exhibit A);

24 (f) during their depositions, witnesses in the action to whom disclosure is
25 reasonably necessary and who have signed the "Agreement to Be Bound by Protective Order"
26 (Exhibit A). Pages of transcribed deposition testimony or exhibits to depositions that reveal
27 Protected Material must be separately bound by the court reporter and may not be disclosed to
28 anyone except as permitted under this Stipulated Protective Order.

 (g) the author of the document or the original source of the information.

7.3 Disclosure of "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – REVIEW BY AUTHORIZED PERSONNEL ONLY" Information or Items. Unless otherwise ordered by the court or permitted in writing by the Designating Party, a Receiving Party may disclose any information or item designated "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – REVIEW BY AUTHORIZED PERSONNEL ONLY" only to:

(a) the Receiving Party's Outside Counsel of record in this action, as well as employees of said Counsel to whom it is reasonably necessary to disclose the information for this litigation and who have signed the "Agreement to Be Bound by Protective Order" that is attached hereto as Exhibit A;

(b) Experts (as defined in this Order) (1) to whom disclosure is reasonably necessary for this litigation, (2) who have signed the "Agreement to Be Bound by Protective Order" (Exhibit A);

(c) the Court and its personnel;

(d) court reporters, their staffs, and professional vendors to whom disclosure is reasonably necessary for this litigation and who have signed the "Agreement to Be Bound by Protective Order" (Exhibit A); and

(e) the author of the document or the original source of the information.

8. PROTECTED MATERIAL SUBPOENAED OR ORDERED PRODUCED IN OTHER LITIGATION.

If a Receiving Party is served with a subpoena or an order issued in other litigation that would compel disclosure of any information or items designated in this action as "CONFIDENTIAL" or "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – REVIEW BY AUTHORIZED PERSONNEL ONLY," the Receiving Party must so notify the Designating Party, in writing (by fax, if possible) immediately and in no event more than three court days after receiving the subpoena or order. Such notification must include a copy of the subpoena or court order. The Receiving Party also must immediately inform in writing the Party who caused the subpoena or order to issue in the other litigation that some or all the material covered by the subpoena or order is the subject of this Protective Order. In addition, the Receiving Party must deliver a

1 copy of this Stipulated Protective Order promptly to the Party in the other action that caused
2 the subpoena or order to issue. The purpose of imposing these duties is to alert the interested
3 parties to the existence of this Protective Order and to afford the Designating Party in this case
4 an opportunity to try to protect its confidentiality interests in the court from which the
5 subpoena or order issued. The Designating Party shall bear the burdens and the expenses of
6 seeking protection in that court of its confidential material – and nothing in these provisions
7 should be construed as authorizing or encouraging a Receiving Party in this action to disobey a
8 lawful directive from another court.

9 10 9. UNAUTHORIZED DISCLOSURE OF PROTECTED MATERIAL

11 If a Receiving Party learns that, by inadvertence or otherwise, it has disclosed Protected
12 Material to any person or in any circumstance not authorized under this Stipulated Protective
13 Order, the Receiving Party must immediately (a) notify in writing the Designating Party of the
14 unauthorized disclosures, (b) use its best efforts to retrieve all copies of the Protected Material,
15 (c) inform the person or persons to whom unauthorized disclosures were made of all the terms
16 of this Order, and (d) request such person or persons to execute the “Acknowledgment and
17 Agreement to Be Bound” that is attached hereto as Exhibit A.

18 19 10. FILING PROTECTED MATERIAL.

20 Without written permission from the Designating Party or a court order secured after
21 appropriate notice to all interested persons, a Party may not file in the public record in this
22 action any Protected Material. A Party that seeks to file under seal any Protected Material must
23 comply with Civil Local Rule 79-5.

24 25 11. FINAL DISPOSITION.

26 Unless otherwise ordered or agreed in writing by the Producing Party, within sixty days
27 after the final termination of this action, each Receiving Party must return all Protected
28 Material to the Producing Party. As used in this subdivision, “all Protected Material” includes
all copies, abstracts, compilations, summaries or any other form of reproducing or capturing

any of the Protected Material. With permission in writing from the Designating Party, the Receiving Party may destroy some or all of the Protected Material instead of returning it. Whether the Protected Material is returned or destroyed, the Receiving Party must submit a written certification to the Producing Party (and, if not the same person or entity, to the Designating Party) by the sixty day deadline that identifies (by category, where appropriate) all the Protected Material that was returned or destroyed and that affirms that the Receiving Party has not retained any copies, abstracts, compilations, summaries or other forms of reproducing or capturing any of the Protected Material. Notwithstanding this provision, Counsel are entitled to retain an archival copy of all pleadings, motion papers, transcripts, legal memoranda, correspondence or attorney work product, even if such materials contain Protected Material. Any such archival copies that contain or constitute Protected Material remain subject to this Protective Order as set forth in Section 4 (DURATION), above.

12. MISCELLANEOUS

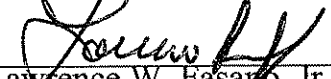
12.1 Right to Further Relief. Nothing in this Order abridges the right of any person to seek its modification by the Court in the future.

12.2 Right to Assert Other Objections. By stipulating to the entry of this Protective Order no Party waives any right it otherwise would have to object to disclosing or producing any information or item on any ground not addressed in this Stipulated Protective Order. Similarly, no Party waives any right to object on any ground to use in evidence of any of the material covered by this Protective Order.

IT IS SO STIPULATED, THROUGH COUNSEL OF RECORD.

DATED: July 8, 2008

FASANO LAW OFFICE


Lawrence W. Fasano, Jr.
Attorneys for Plaintiff
Terrie Kent

DATED: July 11, 2008

SILVANO B. MARCHESE, County Counsel

1 DATED: July _14_, 2008

SILVANO B. MARCHESI, County Counsel

2 / s /

3 By:

4 JANET L. HOLMES
5 Deputy County Counsel
6 Attorneys for Defendants

7
8 ORDER

9 Pursuant to the foregoing Stipulation of the parties, and good cause appearing therefore,
10 IT IS SO ORDERED.

11 DATED: _____, 2008

12 ELIZABETH LAPORTE
13 UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT JUDGE

14 EXHIBIT A

15 ACKNOWLEDGMENT AND AGREEMENT TO BE BOUND

16
17 I, _____ [print or type full name], of _____
18 [print or type full address], declare under penalty of perjury that I have read in its entirety and
19 understand the Stipulated Protective Order that was issued by the United States District Court
20 for the Northern District of California on _____, 2008 in the case of **Terrie Kent**
v. County of Contra Costa, et al., United States District Court Case Number CV 08-
0984EDL.

21 I agree to comply with and to be bound by all the terms of this Stipulated
22 Protective Order and I understand and acknowledge that failure to so comply could expose me
23 to sanctions and punishment in the nature of contempt. I solemnly promise that I will not
24 disclose in any manner any information or item that is subject to this Stipulated Protective
25 Order to any person or entity except in strict compliance with the provisions of this Order.

26 I further agree to submit to the jurisdiction of the United States District Court for the
27 Northern District of California for the purpose of enforcing the terms of this Stipulated
28 Protective Order, even if such enforcement proceedings occur after termination of this action.

I hereby appoint _____ [print or type full name] of

[print or type full address and telephone
number] as my California agent for service of process in connection with this action or any
proceedings related to enforcement of this Stipulated Protective Order.

1 Date: _____

2 City and State where sworn and signed: _____

3 Printed name:

4 _____
[printed name]

5 Signature:

6 _____
[signature]